



HSE Department
Oil India Limited
Duliajan, Dibrugarh, 786602, Assam
Phone : 0374-2800542
Email: safety@oilindia.in

संदर्भ सं./Ref. No.: S&E/E/43C-1/52

दिनांक/Date: 11.01.2024

From	:	Chief General Manager (HSE) I/C
To	:	Deputy Director General of Forests (Central), Sub Office, Guwahati (under Regional Office, Shillong), 4th Floor, Housefed Building, Rukminigaon, Guwahati-781022. (Email : iro.guwahati-mefcc@gov.in , iro.moefcc.ghy@gmail.com)
Subject	:	Submission of Half-yearly (April 2023 to September 2023) compliance reports of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance (EC) granted to Oil India Limited.

Sir,

Reference to above subject, please find enclosed herewith the Half-yearly (April 2023 to September 2023) compliance reports of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance (EC) granted to Oil India Limited. List of the EC are tabulated below:

S.No	EC Identification No/File No.	Name of the EC proposal
1.	F. No. J-11011/413/2008-IA II (I) dated 24.01.2011	OCS Bhogpara.
2.	F. No. J-11011/1251/2007-IA II (I) dated 01.11.2011	Exploratory Drilling of 01 (One) well at Doomdooma-Pengry Area, District Tinsukia, Assam.
3.	F. No. J-11011/682/2008-IA II (I) dated 17.06.2013	Expansion of Gas field Development in Tengakhat-Naharkatia-Jorajan area and Doomdooma Pengry area, Assam by M/s Oil India Ltd.
4.	F. No. J-11011/116/2018-IA II (I) dated 07.01.2020	Onshore Oil & Gas Exploration & Development Drilling and Production in Ningru Oil & Gas Field in Districts Changlang and Namsai for Ningru PML Block (Arunachal Pradesh)
5.	F. No. J-11011/1260/2007-IA II (I) dated 09.04.2020	Onshore Oil & Gas Development Drilling and Production in Mechaki Area covering Mechaki, Mechaki Extension, Baghjan and Tinsukia Extension PMLs on District Tinsukia (Assam).
6.	F. No. J-11011/150/2016- IA II (I) dated 11.05.2020	Extension Drilling & Testing of Hydrocarbons at 7 (seven) Locations under Dibru-Saikhowa National Park Area, North-West of Baghjan PML, District Tinsukia, Assam.
7.	F. No. J-11011/1253/2007-IA II (I) dated 28.12.2020	Onshore Oil & Gas development drilling and production by M/S Oil India Ltd in Dibrugarh district under Dibrugarh, Chabua, Higrijan and Tinsukia PMLs. (Dibrugarh- Bhogpara)
8.	F. No. J-11011/375/2016-IA II (I)	Onshore Oil & Gas Development Drilling and



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	dated 28.12.2020	Production (179 wells and 9 Production Installations) in North Hapjan – Tinsukia – Dhola area under Tinsukia district, Assam.
9.	F. No. J-11011/35/2018-IA II (I) dated 26.02.2021	Onshore Oil & Gas development drilling and production by M/S Oil India Ltd. Located in Khagorijan Oil & Gas Field in Dibrugarh & Tinsukia District under Tinsukia PML, Tinsukia Extension PML and Chabua PML District: Dibrugarh, Assam
10.	F. No. J-11011/186/2016-IA II (I) dated 03.03.2021	Onshore Oil & Gas development drilling and production in Borhat-Titlagarh area, Dibrugarh, Sibsagar and Charaideo Districts under Sapkaintb, Borhat, Moran Extension and Doomdooma PMLs.
11.	EC22A002AS110311 F. No. J-11011/156/2017-IA II (I) dated 28.11.2022	Oil & Gas development drilling and production (16 exploratory, 73 developmental drilling wells and 9 Production Installations) in Moran Area under Dibrugarh, Sibsagar and Charaideo districts, Assam.
12.	EC23A002AS125690 F. No. J-11011/1254/2007-IA II (I) dated 13.01.2023	Oil & Gas development drilling and production (68 developmental drilling wells and 9 Production Installations) in Khowang Shalmari Area under Dibrugarh, Sibsagar districts, Assam.
13.	EC23A002AS188131 F.No J-11011/1257/2007- IA II (I) dated 17.04.2023	Onshore Oil & Gas development drilling and production (167 wells and 7 production Installations) in Tengakhat-Kathaloni-Dikom (TKD) under Dibrugarh district, Assam.
14.	EC23A002AS198872 F. No. J-11011/388/2016-IA II (I) dated 31.07.2023	Onshore Oil & Gas development drilling (67 wells) in Jorajan Area under Dibrugarh, Charaideo and Tinsukia districts, Assam.
15.	EC23A002AS146942 F.No. J-11011/546/2017-IA(I) dated 20.09.2023	Onshore Oil & Gas development drilling and production (294 wells and 2 Production Installations) in Naharkatiya-Deohal-Bogapani-Nagajan (NDBN) area under Dibrugarh & Tinsukia districts, Assam.

This is for your kind information please.

Thanking you.

(Rajendra Singh Garbhat)
Chief General Manager (HSE) /C
Nodal Officer (EC, FC, NBWL)
For Resident Chief Executive





HSE Department
Oil India Limited
Duliajan, Dibrugarh, 786602, Assam
Phone : 0374-2800542
Email: safety@oilindia.in

Encl: As above

Copy:

1. Director, Monitoring Cell, MoEF, Paryavaran Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003.
2. Zonal Office, Central Pollution Control Board, "TUM-SIR", Lower Motinagar, Near Fire Brigade Headquarter, Shillong-793014.
3. Chairman, Assam Pollution Control Board, Bamunimaidan, Guwahati-781021, Assam.
4. Chairman, Arunachal Pradesh State Pollution Control Board, Office of the Principal Chief and Secretary (E&F) Conservator of Forests, Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh, Itanagar-791111, Arunachal Pradesh.

Safety
12/07/2024
राजेंद्र सिंह गुर्याल
मुख्य महासंचालक (एचएसई) - विभाग
नोडल अधिकारी (ईसी/एफसी/एनसी/एनएससी)
ऑयल इंडिया लिमिटेड

- **Name of the Project:** Extension Drilling & Testing of Hydrocarbons at 7 (Seven) locations under Dibru-Saikhowa National Park Area, North-West of Baghjan PML, District Tinsukia, Assam by M/s Oil India Ltd.
- **Clearance L.No and date:** J-11011/150/2016- IA II (I) dated 11.05.2020.
- **Period of Compliance Report:** April 2023 to September 2023.
- **Status of the Project:** No drilling activity has been started.

Specific Condition

Sl. No.	Specific Condition	Compliance status
1.	No drilling shall be conducted in forest areas without obtaining prior permission under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980.	Complied. The Plinth areas of the proposed project are falling outside the forest area. However, for the drilling below the Dibru-Saikhowa National Park area, necessary Forest Clearance proposal has been submitted vide proposal No. FP/AS/MIN/28749/2017, dated 04-09-2017. OIL will drill the well after obtaining the necessary clearance.
2.	Drilling in the National Park/Wildlife Sanctuaries are subject to the recommendations of orders of Hon'ble Supreme Court recommendations of Standing Committee of NBWL, recommendations of the State Chief Wildlife Warden and strict compliance of the conditions imposed therein.	Complied. Condition will be complied before project execution. NBWL clearance for the proposed project is obtained. Copy enclosed as Annexure- I
3.	Necessary permission as mandated under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, as applicable from time to time, shall be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board.	Will be Complied Consent To Establish (CTE) and Consent To Operate (CTO) will be obtained before commencement of drilling activities.
4.	As proposed by the project proponent, Zero Liquid Discharge shall be ensured and no waste/treated water shall be discharged to any surface water body, sea and/or on land. Mobile ETP along with RO plant shall be installed to treat the waste water.	Will be complied. Zero Liquid Discharge will be maintained at the drilling locations. Mobile ETP coupled with RO will be installed to treat the wastewater.
5.	To control source and the fugitive emissions, suitable pollution control devices shall be installed to meet the prescribed norms and/ or the NAAQS. The gaseous emissions shall be dispersed through stack of adequate height as per CPCB/SPCB guidelines.	Will be Complied Adequate Stack heights will be provided in DG sets as per CPCB guidelines.
6.	Necessary authorization required under the Hazardous and other Wastes (Management and Trans-Boundary Movement) Rules, 2016, Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall be obtained and the provisions contained in the Rules shall be strictly adhered to.	Will be Complied Hazardous Waste Authorization was obtained from Pollution Control Board, Assam vide No. WB/T-311/21-22/329 dated 13.10.2022
7.	Ambient air quality shall be monitored at the nearest human settlements as per the National	Complied Ambient Air Quality will be monitored as

	Ambient Air quality Emission Standards issues by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826 (E) dated 16 th November, 2009 for PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ , NO _x , CO, CH ₄ , HC, Non-methane HC etc.	per NAAQS, 2009.
8.	During exploration, production, storage and handling, the fugitive emission of methane, if any, shall be monitored using Infra-red camera/ appropriate technology.	Will be Complied Portable Multi-gas detector & Explosimeter shall be used to detect fugitive emissions of Methane (if any).
9.	The project proponent also to ensure trapping/storing of the CO ₂ generated, if any, during the process and handling.	Will be Complied CO ₂ generated (if any) will be trapped/stored.
10.	Approach road shall be made pucca to minimize generation of suspended dust.	Will be Complied Approach road to the drilling locations and Production Installations will be made pucca to minimise generation of suspended dust.
11.	The company shall make all arrangements for control of noise from the drilling activity. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided for the DG sets along with the adequate stack height as per CPCB guidelines.	Will be Complied Acoustic enclosures shall be provided around DG sets and also adequate Stack Height shall be provided for DG sets as per CPCB guidelines.
12.	Total fresh water requirement shall not exceed 20 cum/day. Prior permission shall be obtained from the concerned regulatory authority. Mobile ETP coupled with RO shall be installed to reuse the treated water in drilling system. Size of the waste shall be equal to the hole volume + volume of drill cutting and volume of discharged mud if any. Two feet free board may be left to accommodate rain water. There shall be separate storm water channel and rain water shall not be allowed to mix with waste water. Alternatively, if possible pit less drilling be practiced instead of above.	Will be Complied Permission will be obtained before extracting groundwater. Also, ETP coupled with RO will be installed to treat the effluent generated from the drilling location.
13.	The company shall construct the garland drain all around the drilling site to prevent runoff of any oil containing waste into the nearby water bodies. Separate drainage system shall be created for oil contaminated and non-oil contaminated. Effluent shall be properly treated and treated wastewater shall conform to CPCB standards.	Will be Complied Garland drains shall be constructed around the drilling location to prevent runoff any oil containing waste into the nearby water bodies. Separate drainage system will be created for oil contaminated and non- oil contaminated.
14.	Drill cuttings separate from drilling fluid shall be adequately washed and disposed in HDPE lined pit. Waste mud shall be tested for hazardous contaminants and disposed according to HWMH Rules, 2016. No effluent/drilling mud shall be discharged/disposed off into nearby surface water bodies. The company shall comply with guidelines	Will be Complied Drill cuttings separated from drilling fluid will be adequately washed and disposed in HDPE lined pit. No effluent/ drilling mud will be discharged/disposed off into nearby surface water bodies. OIL will comply with the guidelines for disposal of solid waste, drill

	for disposal of solid waste, drill cutting and drilling fluids for onshore drilling operation notified vide GSR.546 (E) dated 30 th August, 2005.	cutting and drilling fluids for onshore drilling operation notified vide GSR.546(E) dated 30 th August, 2005.
15.	Oil spillage prevention and mitigation scheme shall be prepared. In case of oil spillage/contamination, action plan shall be prepared to clean the site by adopting proven technology. The recyclable waste (oily sludge) and spent oil shall be disposed of to the authorized recyclers.	Complied In case of Oil spillage/ contamination, action will be taken as per the Oil spill contingency plan prepared by OIL. Recyclable waste (oily sludge) and spent oil will be sent to Pollution Control Board, Assam authorized recyclers.
16.	The company shall take necessary measures to prevent fire hazards, containing oil spill and soil remediation as needed. Possibility of using ground flare shall be explored. At the place of ground flaring, the overhead flaring stack with knockout drums shall be installed to minimize gaseous emissions during operation.	Will be Complied Fixed firefighting system will be installed at drilling locations and in case of any oil spillage necessary remediation actions will be taken as per the Oil Spill Contingency Plan.
17.	The company shall develop a contingency plan for H ₂ S release including all necessary aspects from evacuation to resumption of normal operations. The workers shall be provided with personal H ₂ S detectors in locations of high risk of exposure along with self-containing breathing apparatus.	Will be Complied Contingency Plan for H ₂ S release was in place. OIL never encountered H ₂ S and no such evidence exists in our field of operation. However, multi-gas detector and Self Containing Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) are kept available to meet the emergency situation, if any.
18.	The company shall carry out long term subsidence study by collecting base line data before initiating drilling operation till the project lasts. The data so collected shall be submitted six monthly to be Ministry and Regional Office.	Complied. Copy of Longterm Subsidence Report enclosed as Annexure - II .
19.	Blow out Preventer system shall be installed to prevent well blowouts during drilling operations. BOP measures during drilling shall focus on maintaining well bore hydrostatic pressure by proper pre-well planning and drilling fluid logging etc.	Will be Complied Blow Out Preventer (BOP) system will be installed to prevent blowouts during drilling operations.
20.	Emergency Response Plan shall be based on the guidelines prepared by OISD, DGMS and Govt. of India.	Will be Complied OIL has site specific Emergency plan and contingency plan and Disaster management plan (DMP) based on relevant and realistic emergency scenarios.
21.	On completion of the project, necessary measures shall be taken for safe plugging of wells with secured enclosures to restore the drilling site to the original condition. The same shall be confirmed by the concerned regulatory authority from environment safety angle. In case of hydrocarbon not found economically viable, a full abandonment plan shall be implemented for the drilling site in accordance with the applicable Indian Petroleum Regulations.	Will be complied On completion of the drilling activity, plugging of abandoned wells will be carried out as per the OIL's Well Abandonment, Site Restoration and Reclamation policy.

22.	Atleast 2% of the total project cost shall be allocated for Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) and item- wise details along with time bound action plan shall be prepared and submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office.	Will be complied.
23.	No lead acid batteries shall be utilized in the project/site.	Will be complied. No lead acid batteries shall be utilized at the drilling location
24.	Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be carried out as per the prevailing Acts and Rules.	Will be complied. Occupational Health Surveillance of workers engaged in drilling operation shall be carried out on regular basis.
25.	Oil content in the drill cuttings shall be monitored by some Authorized agency and report shall be sent to the Ministry's Regional Office.	Will be complied.
26.	Company shall prepare operating manual in respect of all activities, which would cover all safety & environment related issues and measures to be taken for protection. One set of environmental manual shall be made available at the drilling site/ project site. Awareness shall be created at each level of the management. All the schedules and results of environmental monitoring shall be available at the project site office. Remote monitoring of site should be done.	Complied. SOPs for all the operations covering safety and environment related issues are prepared. OIL has prepared Environmental manual which is made available at the drilling location. Copy of the same is enclosed Annexure – B . Also, all the environmental monitoring reports related to ambient air quality, Stack Gas monitoring, ETP effluent, Noise level will be maintained at the drilling location.

General Condition

Sl. No.	General Condition	Compliance status
1.	The Project Proponent shall obtain all other statutory/ necessary permissions/ recommendations/ NOCs prior to start of construction/ operation of the project, which inter alia include permission / approvals under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980; the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972; the Coastal Regulation Zone Notification, 2019 as amended from time to time, and other Office Memorandum/ Circular issued by the Ministry Of Environment, Forest and Climate Change from time to time, as applicable to the project.	Will be complied.
2.	The project proponent shall ensure compliance of 'National Emission Standards', as applicable to the project, issued by the Ministry from time to time. The project proponent shall also abide by the rules/ regulations issued by the CPCB/SPCB for control/ abatement of pollution.	Will be complied. Ambient Air Quality monitoring shall be carried out as per NAAQS, 2009.
3.	The project authorities shall adhere to the	Will be complied.

	stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board/ Committee, Central Pollution Control Board, State Government and any other statutory authority.	
4.	The project proponent shall prepare a site-specific conservation plan and wildlife management plan in case of the presence of Schedule - I species in the study area, as applicable to the project, and submit to Chief Wildlife Warden for approval. The recommendations shall be implemented in consultation with the State Forest/ Wildlife Department in a time bound manner.	Will be complied. Site of the Site-Specific Wildlife Conservation and Management Plan was submitted to Chief Wildlife Warden for approval. Copy of the same is enclosed as Annexure – III .
5.	No further expansion or modifications in the plant, other than mentioned in the EIA Notification, 2006 and its amendments, shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change/SEIAA, as applicable. In case of deviations of alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to this Ministry for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry/SEIAA, as applicable, to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.	Will be complied. No further expansion or modification other than mentioned in the EIA Notification, 2006 and its amendments, will be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.
6.	The energy source for lighting purpose shall be preferably LED based, or advanced having preference in energy conservation and environment betterment.	Will be complied. LED lights will be utilized for lighting purposes at the drilling locations.
7.	The locations of ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be decided in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board (SPCB) and it shall be ensured that at least one station each is installed in the unwind and downwind direction as well as where maximum ground level concentrations are anticipated.	Will be complied. Location of Ambient air quality monitoring stations will be decided in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board (SPCB)
8.	The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826 (E) dated 16 th November, 2009 shall be followed.	Will be complied. Ambient Air Quality monitoring will be carried out as per NAAQS, 2009.
9.	The overall noise levels in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels shall conform to the standards prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 Rules, 1989 Viz 75 dBA (day time) and 70 dBA (Night time)	Will be complied. Noise level at the drilling locations shall be kept within the permissible limits by providing acoustic enclosures around the DG sets.
10.	The Company shall harvest rainwater from the roof tops of the buildings and storm water drains to	Will be complied.

	recharge the ground water and to utilize the same for process requirements.	
11.	Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemical handling. Pre-employment and routine periodical medical examinations for all employees shall be undertaken on regular basis. Training to all employees on handling of chemicals shall be imparted.	Will be complied. Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemical handling and PME shall be carried out on regular basis.
12.	The company shall comply also with all the environmental protection measures and safeguards proposed in the documents submitted to the Ministry. All the recommendations made in the EIA/EMP in respect of environmental management, and risk mitigation measures relating to the project shall be implemented.	Will be complied. All the environmental protection measures proposed in the EIA – EMP shall be implemented.
13.	The company shall undertake all relevant measures for improving the socio-economic conditions of the surrounding area. CER activities shall be undertaken by involving local villages and administration and shall be implemented.	Will be complied.
14.	The company shall undertake eco-developmental measures including community welfare measures in the project area for the overall improvement of the environment.	Will be complied.
15.	A separate environmental Management Cell (having qualified person with Environmental Science/Environmental Engineering/ specialization in the project area) equipped with full-fledged laboratory facilities shall be set up to carry out the Environmental Management and Monitoring functions.	Complied. OIL has Environment Cell along with laboratory facilities to carry out environmental management and monitoring functions. Details are enclosed as Annexure – A.
16.	The company shall earmark sufficient funds towards capital cost and recurring cost per annum to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change as well as the State Government along with the implementation schedule for all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so earmarked for environment management/ pollution control measures shall not be diverted for any other purpose.	Will be complied. Project Not yet started. Condition will be complied prior to Project Execution.
17.	A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the project proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zilla Parishad/ Municipal Corporation, Urban local body and the local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal.	Complied.
18.	The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated Environmental Clearance conditions	Complied EC compliance report for the period October 2022 to March 2023 was submitted to IRO -

	including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF&CC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and SPCB. A copy of Environmental Clearance and six-monthly compliance status reports shall be posted on the website of the company.	Guwahati, Zonal Office CPCB, Shillong and, Chairman - Pollution Control Board Assam vide L.No. S&E/E/43C-1/561 dated 29.05.2023. Also, copy of the EC and Six-monthly compliance report are uploaded to OIL website under the link https://www.oil-india.com/Environmental.aspx
19.	The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31 st March in Form-V as is mandated shall be submitted to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental clearance conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF & CC by e-mail.	Complied. Environment Statement (Form – V) for the F.Y. 2022-23 was submitted to Pollution Control Board, Assam vide No. S&E/E/21(B)/940 dated 20.09.2023. Copy of the same is enclosed as Annexure – C .
20.	The project proponent shall inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available with the SPCB/ Committee and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry and at https://parivesh.nic.in/ . This shall be advertised within seven days from the date of issue of the clearance letter, at least in two local newspapers that are widely circulated in the region of which one shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the concerned Regional Office of the Ministry.	Complied. Copy of Newspaper Advertisement is enclosed as Annexure- IV .
21.	The project authorities shall inform the Regional office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of the project.	Will be complied.
22.	This Environmental Clearance is granted subject to final outcome of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Court, Hon'ble NGT and any other Court of Law, if any, as may be applicable to this project.	Agreed



Annexure - I



Government of India
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
(Wildlife Division)

6th Floor, Vayu Wing
Indira Paryavaran Bhawan
Jor Bag Road
New Delhi 110 003

F.No. 6-159/2107 WL

Date: 9 August 2017

To
All Members
Standing Committee of NBWL

Sub: Minutes of 44th Meeting of the Standing Committee of NBWL- reg. .

Sir/Madam,

Kindly find enclosed copy of the Minutes of 44th Meeting of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife held on **29th July 2017 at 1.00 PM in Teesta Conference Hall, I Floor, Vayu Block, Indira Paryavarn Bhavan, New Delhi** under the chairmanship of Hon'ble Union Minister of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.

Yours faithfully,

(Dr. Pasupala Ravi)
Scientist C

E-mail: ddwlmef@gmail.com

Encl: As above

Distribution

- (1) Secretary, MoEF&CC
- (2) DGF&SS, MoEF&CC
- (3) Member Secretary, NTCA
- (4) ADGF(FC), MoEF&CC
- (5) ADGF(WL), MoEF&CC
- (6) Director, WII, Dehradun
- (7) Director, GEER Foundation, Gandhinagar, Gujarat
- (8) Dr. R.Sukumar, Member, NBWL
- (9) Dr. H.S. Singh, Member, NBWL
- (10) Pr. Secretary (Forests), Govt. of Andhra Pradesh

Copy to

- (1) PS to Hon'ble MoEF&CC
- (2) PPS to DGF&SS, MoEF&CC
- (3) PPS to Addl.DGF(WL), Member Secretary, NBWL
- (4) PPS to IGF(WL)/PS to DIG(WL)/PS to JD(WL)

- (1) Once the work of creation of barrage and associated canals are completed the project proposes to build the Religious City and Hi-tech City covering both the banks of Ganga River. The project proposes to divert 7395 sq.km area of the Sanctuary. This will negatively affect the population of endangered swamp deer, sambar and host of other rare and threatened species of Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary. This may also have negative impact on the adjacent Ramsar Site.
- (e) The project is based on the premises of drawing a minimum of 6000 cusec of water from the Ganga River for sustaining the project. The Ganga river is already under water stress. As evident from the 48527 cusec of water is already being extracted before the proposed site (CPCB 2016). Diverting 6000 cusec of water from the barrage will render the downstream to the project site ecologically dead. The unregulated extraction of water without ecological consideration is one of the major factors that is affecting the integrity of the Ganga.

After discussions the Standing Committee decided to reject the present form of the proposal and requested the State Government to submit the revised proposal for the consideration of the Standing Committee of NBWL.

42.3.2 Proposal of the Oil India Limited to Extract Hydrocarbon beneath 3900-4000 meters of Dibru Saikhowa National Park

The IGF(WL) briefed the Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal of the Oil India Limited was considered by the Standing Committee of the National Board for Wildlife in its 42nd meeting held on 15th May 2017, wherein the comments were sought from the State Government of Assam on the proposal. The State Government of Assam vide its letter 24th May 2017 gave their comments and has stated that, they are not in a position to submit the desired proposal for obtaining clearance from the Standing Committee of NBWL.

Further IGF(WL) stated that as per the Hon'ble Supreme Court Order vide dated 17.07.2017 in LA. No.3934 in W.P.(C) 202/1995, a meeting was convened on 24th July 2017 under the chairmanship of DGF&SS. It was decided that the State Government of Assam would submit the proposal. The State Government of Assam submitted the proposal very recently. He

mentioned further that the State Chief Wildlife Warden has recommended the proposal with the following safety and mitigation measures:

1. Environment Impact Assessment and Environment Management Programme (EIA/EMP)
2. Preventive measures to ensure there is no contamination of surface water
3. Flaring of gas
4. Measure to prevent noise pollution
5. Measures to prevent oil spills
6. Measures to prevent fire hazard
7. To erect 10 feet high barricade around the drilling plinths of each well. Also a safety zone of 7.5 meters around the barricade may be fenced with chain link fencing and planted with indigenous plant species to prevent any injuries / mortality of wildlife and also environmental damage and pollution in the mining locality.

In addition to the above specified safety measures certain protection and mitigation measures are to be taken by the Forest Department for the welfare of the existing wildlife population as well as to prevent environmental damage and pollution in and around the vicinity of the National park. Thus the user Agency shall have to provide a reasonable amount to PCCF, WL & CWLW, Assam as Corpus Fund, which will be utilized for wildlife conservation and other allied activities in the interest of the wildlife prior to allowing the use of the area.

Accordingly the Standing Committee decided to recommend the proposal along with the conditions imposed by the State Chief Wildlife Warden.

43.1.19 Realignment of area of the buffer area of Indravati Tiger Reserve, Chhattisgarh

The IGF(WL) briefed the Committee on the proposal and stated that the proposal was considered in the 43rd meeting of SC-NBWL held on 27th June 2017 and the Standing Committee suggested to seek the recommendations of the CWLW for further consideration. He also mentioned that recommendation of the State Chief Wildlife Warden has not been received.

The Chief Wildlife Warden, Chhattisgarh informed that the recommendations would be submitted in two weeks. Consequently the Standing Committee decided to defer the proposal.

Project Report

On

MONITORING OF LAND SUBSIDENCE DUE TO HYDROCARBON EXTRACTION IN ASSAM

A collaborative project between



**National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC)
Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO)
Hyderabad**

and



**ऑयल इंडिया लिमिटेड
Oil India Limited**

**Oil India Limited
Duliajan - 786 602, Assam**

June, 2019

NATIONAL REMOTE SENSING CENTRE
REPORT / DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

1	Security Classification	Restricted			
2	Distribution	OIL and ISRO			
3	Report / Document version	(a) Issue no. 01	(b) Revision & Date		28.06.2019
4	Report / Document Type	Project report			
5	Document Control Number	NRSC - RSAA - GSG - JUN-2019-TR-1317-V1.0			
6	Title	Monitoring of land subsidence due to hydrocarbon extraction in Assam			
7	Particulars of collation	Pages 28	Figures 15	Tables 6	References 9
8	Author(s)	Shri Priyom Roy, S/E 'SD' and Dr. Tapas Ranjan Martha			
9	Affiliation of authors	Geosciences Group, RSA-A, NRSC/ISRO			
10	Scrutiny mechanism	Compiled by Priyom Roy & Tapas R. Martha	Reviewed by Group Head, Geosciences	Approved /Controlled by DD (RSA-A)	
11	Originating unit	NRSC			
12	Sponsor(s)/ Name and Address	OIL, New Delhi			
13	Date of Initiation	1 st July 2018			
14	Date of Publication	28 th June 2019			
15	<p>Abstract (with Keywords):</p> <p>Subsidence due to hydrocarbon extraction has been reported in various oilfields (e.g. Aghajari, Iran and Lost Hills and Belridge, USA) across the world. In this project, we have attempted to delineate zones of possible land subsidence, if any due to hydrocarbon extraction in and around the oil fields owned by Oil India Limited within Assam and parts of Arunachal Pradesh. Microwave remote sensing data were analysed by differential interferometric technique to identify land subsidence. An integrated suite of microwave data ranging from Envisat ASAR (C band), ALOS-PALSAR 1&2 (L band) and Sentinel-1 (C band) were used in this study. The temporal range for the data extends from 2005 (Envisat) to 2018 (Sentinel). A total of 17 master-slave pairs have been processed with temporal interval of 1 to 3 years.</p> <p>It is observed that due to the thick vegetation cover and annual dynamicity of the vegetation and fluvial landforms, there is a significant loss in coherence between the master-slave pairs. Distinguishable, but random and gradational fringe patterns are observed in and around towns of Chabua, Duliajan, Doom Dooma, Tinsukia and Digboi in Assam and around Diyun in Arunachal Pradesh. However, field verifications reveal no signatures of ground subsidence in this region. Further the identified locations are not correlated to the well locations of OIL. Therefore, on the basis of the interferometric method and time frame of the observation, the study does not reveal and delineate any subsidence in the area.</p>				



Acknowledgements

The project team is grateful to Shri. Santanu Chowdhury, Director, NRSC for his support at various stages of project execution. We are extremely grateful to Dr. P.V.N. Rao, Deputy Director (RSAA), NRSC for his overall guidance and encouragement. We thank Shri P. Chandrasekharan, Director (E&D), Shri Rahul Dasgupta, former ED (corporate affairs) and Shri S K Rai, CGM (HSE & Coordination) of OIL, New Delhi for their support to this project. We thank OIL Duliajan for providing us the opportunity to collaborate for this work. We thank the following officers of OIL, Duliajan for the continuous correspondence, discussions and support during the field visit.

- G.V.J. Rao, Chief General Manager (Geophysics)
- Dr. B.N. Sahoo, General Manager (Safety & Environment)
- Sudhanshu Chugh, Dy. General Manager (Geophysics)
- Abhijit Sonowal, Dy. Chief Geophysicist
- Imran Khan, Superintending Geophysicist
- Ratnadeep Das, Senior Engineer (Safety & Environment)

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Executive Summary

Subsidence due to hydrocarbon extraction has been reported in various oilfields (e.g. Aghajari, Iran and Lost Hills and Belridge, USA) across the world. In this project, we have attempted to delineate zones of possible land subsidence, if any due to hydrocarbon extraction in and around the oil fields owned by Oil India Limited within Assam and parts of Arunachal Pradesh. Microwave remote sensing data were analysed by differential interferometric technique to identify land subsidence. An integrated suite of microwave data ranging from Envisat ASAR (C band), ALOS-PALSAR 1&2 (L band) and Sentinel-1 (C band) were used in this study. The temporal range for the data extends from 2005 (Envisat) to 2018 (Sentinel). A total of 17 master-slave pairs have been processed with temporal interval of 1 to 3 years.

It is observed that due to the thick vegetation cover and annual dynamicity of the vegetation and fluvial landforms, there is a significant loss in coherence between the master-slave pairs. Distinguishable, but random and gradational, fringe patterns are observed in and around towns of Chabua, Duliajan, Doom Dooma, Tinsukia and Digboi in Assam and around Diyun in Arunachal Pradesh. However, field verifications reveal no signatures of ground subsidence in this region. Further the identified locations are not correlated to the well locations of OIL. Therefore, on the basis of the interferometric method and time frame of the observation, the study does not reveal and delineate any subsidence in the area.



**SPECIES SPECIFIC CONSERVATION PLAN FOR ENVIRONMENTAL
IMPACT ASSESSMENT EXTENSION DRILLING AND TESTING OF
HYDROCARBONS AT 7 (SEVEN) LOCATIONS UNDER DIBRU-
SAIKHOWA NATIONAL PARK AREA. NORTH-WEST OF BAGHJAN PML
UNDER TINSUKIA DISTRICT.**

The conservation priorities of the habitats within the study area as defined in the following sections;

HABITATS

The available terrestrial habitats within the study area are agricultural lands, tea gardens, homestead plantation areas and forests. Of the aquatic habitats, species of conservation significance are mostly confined to Brahmaputra River and small streams, Maguri Beel and village ponds within the study area. The species identified within the aquatic and terrestrial habitats are provided in Table 1

Table 1: Species of Conservation Priorities in Habitats within the Study Area

Sl. No	Scientific Name	Schedule WPA, 1972	IUCN Category
1.	Indian or Ganges Softshell Turtle (<i>Nilssonia gangetica</i>)	Sch I (Part II)	Vulnerable/ CITES Appendix I
2.	Indian Peacock Softshell Turtle (<i>Nilssonia hurum</i>)	Sch I (Part II)	Vulnerable/ CITES Appendix I
3.	Spotted Pond Turtle (<i>Geoclemys hamiltonii</i>)	Sch I (Part II)	Vulnerable/ CITES Appendix I
4.	Burmese Rock Python (<i>Python bivittatus</i>)	Sch I (Part II)	Vulnerable/ CITES Appendix I
5.	Bengal Monitor (<i>Varanus bengalensis</i>)	Sch I (Part II)	Least Concern / CITES Appendix II
6.	Water Monitor (<i>Varanus salvator</i>)	Sch I (Part II)	Least Concern / CITES Appendix II
7.	White backed Vulture (<i>Gyps bengalensis</i>)	Sch I (Part III)	Critically Endangered/CITES Appendix II
8.	Black Kite (<i>Milvus migrans</i>)	Sch I (Part III)	Least Concern/CITES Appendix II
9.	Shikra (<i>Accipiter badius</i>)	Sch I (Part III)	Least Concern/CITES Appendix II
10.	Black-Winged Kite (<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>)	Sch I (Part III)	Least Concern/CITES Appendix II
11.	Common Kestrel (<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>)	Sch I (Part III)	Least Concern/CITES Appendix II
12.	Short-toed Snake Eagle (<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>)	Sch I (Part III)	Least Concern/CITES Appendix II
13.	Common Leopard (<i>Panthera pardus</i>)	Sch I (Part I)	Vulnerable/ CITES Appendix I
14.	Fishing Cat (<i>Prionailurus viverrinus</i>)	Sch I (Part I)	Least Concern/CITES Appendix II

Sl. No	Scientific Name	Schedule WPA, 1972	IUCN Category
15.	Western Hoolock Gibbon (<i>Hoolock hoolock</i>)	Sch I (Part I)	Endangered/ CITES Appendix II
16.	Slow Loris (<i>Nycticebus coucang</i>)	Sch I (Part I)	Vulnerable/ CITES Appendix II
17.	Gangetic Dolphin (<i>Planatista gangeticus</i>)	Sch I (Part I)	Endangered/CITES Appendix I

The detailed conservation plan is provided in Table 2.

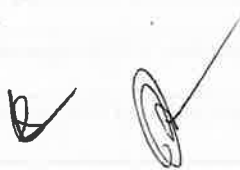


Table 2: Conservation Plan for Species and Habitats of Conservational Priority Species in the Study Area

Sn.	Species	Source of its Occurrence	Habitats within Study Area	Threats	Broad Conservation Actions	Responsibilities	Actions Required
1	Reptiles-turtles	Secondary sources- Discussion with forest department and locals	At the riparian habitats near Brahmaputra, Dangori and Dibru Rivers	Threats within the study area is identified as hunting, mortality due to fish bycatch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify basking sites of this species and enhance protection of these sites through village communities. Awareness campaigns to be carried out among village communities, focusing on local schools for protection of the species Involve local communities in celebration of wildlife week and create awareness to conserve these species. 	Primary-Forest and Wildlife Department Secondary - Assistance from OIL	Awareness campaigns to be conducted for conservation of Schedule I species, their ecosystem and values.
2	Reptiles-Snakes and Lizards	Secondary sources- Discussion with forest department and locals	Monitor lizards can be found in variety of habitats depending upon their food resource. In the study area the species was predominantly found in the forest habitats and homestead plantation areas	Threats within the study area is identified as hunting and road kills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> While laying approach road, measures will be taken to keep natural drainage unhindered, by construction of culverts, which will provide crossing points for reptiles and 		

Sn.	Species	Source of its Occurrence	Habitats within Study Area	Threats	Broad Conservation Actions	Responsibilities	Actions Required
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> minimize risk of road kill. Awareness campaigns to be carried out among village communities, focusing on local schools. 		
3	White backed Vulture (<i>Gyps bengalensis</i>)	Primary Survey	Covering all available habitats	The anthropogenic threats to these species is mortality by electrocution from power transmission lines and entanglement in the protective net/nylon strings covers over the fish culture ponds.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Birds of prey may sometimes select Awareness campaign will be carried out in local villages, on conservation of birds of prey and their ecosystem services and values. 		
4	Shikra (<i>Accipiter badius</i>)	Primary Survey					
5	Short-toed Snake Eagle (<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>)	Primary Survey					
6	Black Winged Kite (<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>)	Primary Survey					
7	Black Kite (<i>Milvus migrans</i>)	Primary Survey					
8	Common Kestrel (<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>)	Primary Survey					
9	Common Leopard (<i>Panthera pardus</i>)	Secondary sources-Discussion with forest department and locals	The distribution of Common Leopard is primarily confined to the reserve forests areas and tea gardens within the study area	The primary threats to Leopards are habitat fragmentation through degradation of forest habitats, reduced prey base and conflict with livestock and game farming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection of forest areas and leopard habitats Awareness campaign will be carried out in local villages, on conservation of 		

Sn.	Species	Source of its Occurrence	Habitats within Study Area	Threats	Broad Conservation Actions	Responsibilities	Actions Required
							leopards and their ecosystem services and values.
10	Western Hoolock Gibbon (<i>Hoolock leuconedys</i>)	Secondary sources- Discussion with forest department and locals	The distribution of the species is primarily confined to the ecologically protected areas within the study area.	The primary threats are habitat fragmentation through degradation of forest habitats	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protection of forest areas and habitats of the Schedule I species • Awareness campaign will be carried out in local villages, on conservation of the species their ecosystem services and values. 		
11	Slow Loris (<i>Nycticebus coucang</i>)	Secondary sources- Discussion with forest department	The distribution of the species is primarily confined to the ecologically protected areas within the study area.	The primary threats are habitat fragmentation through degradation of forest habitats			
12	Asian Elephant (<i>Elephas maximus</i>)	Secondary sources- Discussion with forest department and locals	Elephant activity is present within the DSNP. Elephant activity is not reported in the villages in proximity to the proposed well sites.	The primary threats are habitat fragmentation through degradation of forest habitats; blockage of movement corridors			
13	Gangetic Dolphin (<i>Platanista gangeticus</i>)	Secondary Sources- Discussion with forest department	At Brahmaputra and Dangori River in proximity ERD surface locations	Entanglement at fishing nets. Pollution of the river	Campaign will be carried out about awareness generation and conservation of these Cetacean species in the coastal villages, schools and particularly in fisherman community's		

Copy Of Advertisemnet in the two Newspapers

TUESDAY, MAY 19, 2020

THE ASSAM TRIBUNE, GUWAHATI 7

"I thank the Madhya Pradesh government for lending support in the hour of need," said Sikkim Chief Minister PS Gony. "My heart goes out to the bereaved family, and on behalf of the government, I have announced an ex gratia of Rs 2.5 lakh each for her daughter and son," he said.

Chandra Subba was part of a group of 160 Sikkim residents being evacuated from Gujarat. Her sister, who was also travelling with her, has been admitted to hospital as she was not feeling well. Initial reports have diagnosed dengue as the cause. The results of COVID-19 tests are awaited.

Soon after their arrival at the airport, the state's health authorities conducted necessary health check-ups prior to their departure to their respective districts. The law enforcing agencies support buses the people in maintaining social distancing while escorting them to their private after the medical formalities.

On Sunday afternoon, a private special train from Bengaluru to Guwahati with 1,450 people boarded, except 43 buses for their respective districts. All the first special train to Guwahati with 1,140 stranded people to enter at Jiribam on May 13. The train, but train from Punjab with 1,140 people came on May 15. Many people in camp, several trains from various shopping towns and have.

Meanwhile, the COVID-19 Education authorities will exempt for online learning.

Nagaland Congress

CORRESPONDENT

DIMAPUR, May 18: The Nagaland Pradesh Congress Committee (NPCC) on Monday urged the state government to arrange special trains from different cities across India and also feeder transport in coordination with the host state to help stranded people of Nagaland reach home.

In a release, the NPCC said the evacuation process should be completed within a week by deploying additional manpower to monitor the

situation in different states, should be the urgent demand. The weekly train should apply to all Nagaland people on all days. Expressing concern for the welfare of workers and their families, the NPCC said the government should open from 6 to 8 trains daily with 30 per cent of the seats for Nagaland people. The government should also allow for IAS officers to sit in the trains and monitor the situation. The weekly train should apply to all Nagaland people on all days. Expressing concern for the welfare of workers and their families, the NPCC said the government should open from 6 to 8 trains daily with 30 per cent of the seats for Nagaland people. The government should also allow for IAS officers to sit in the trains and monitor the situation.

Manipuri nurse

IMPHAL/KOLKATA, May 18: Nurses and other healthcare workers, who recently quit jobs in West Bengal's capital Kolkata and returned to Manipur, on Monday said inadequate safety measures and a dearth of protective gear were the major reasons why they left the state.

A nurse, who reached Manipur from Bengal on Sunday, said they were asked to reuse personal protective equipment (PPE) by their employers at a private hospital. "We were told to work for 12 hours every day. During these 12 hours, we needed to use the washroom, eat

our meals, for which we were not allowed to remove the PPE, which is for one-time use. Once removed, it has to be washed by a fresh one. We were told to reuse the same PPE again, making us vulnerable to the dreaded (COVID-19) virus," she said.

The nurse also referred to the claims that the Manipur government had called the nurses back, or offered them incentives, as suggested by some hospitals in Kolkata.

An association of private hospitals in Kolkata said it had found that the Manipur government had called the nurses back, or offered them incentives, as suggested by some hospitals in Kolkata.

the facilities in the capital region, the DC informed that the Police Training Centre (PTC) quarantine facility at Bandorjewa has the capacity to accommodate 100 people.

For details of the tender, any subsequent addendum/corrigendum will be uploaded in the information system e-tenderportal. Sd/- Director, DNR, L&T

ASSAM STATE OPEN SCHOOL ASSAM HIGHER SECONDARY EDUCATION COUNCIL BAMUNIMADAM :: GUWAHATI-21 PRESS RELEASE

Dated - 18.05.2020
No. AHSEC/SDS/11/119/4814 (19) The results of the Higher Secondary Level Examination, B-Block, 2019 of the Assam State Open School conducted by the Assam Higher Secondary Education Council will be declared on 19th May, 2020 at 10.00 A.M. The results will be published in the Council's website - www.ahsec.nic.in

Sd/- Secretary,
Assam Higher Secondary Education Council
Bamunimadam, Guwahati-21

Oil India Limited RESERVE BANK OF INDIA GUWAHATI REGIONAL OFFICE

P.O. Dibrugarh - 786 002, Assam, India; CIN: L11101AS1950G0001144
The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC), GOI has accorded Environmental Clearance for Extension Drilling & Testing of Hydrocarbons at 7 (seven) locations under Oil India Limited National Park Area, North West of Baghjan PML in District Tinsukia, Assam by M/s Oil India Limited.
The copies of Environmental Clearance, F.No. J-1(1011/150/2016-16/11) dated 17th May 2020, are available for reference with MoEF&CC, Pollution Control Board, Assam (PCBA) and may also be seen at websites of MoEF&CC and OIL.
The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, GOI has accorded Environmental Clearance for the said project under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006.
Nodal Officer: EC/FC/NSWL, Oil India Limited.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA GUWAHATI REGIONAL OFFICE CALLING OF QUOTATION FOR PROVIDING GROUP PERSONAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Reserve Bank of India, Guwahati invites quotations from Insurance Companies registered with Insurance Regulatory Development Authority (IRDAI) to purchase Group Personal Accident Insurance Policy for its officers / staff working at its offices / sub-offices in the North Eastern Region (NER), viz. Guwahati, Apatala, Shillong, Aizawl, Imphal and Gangtok.
Other details are available in 'Tender Section' of the Bank's website www.rbi.org.in. Interested and eligible Insurance Companies may submit their quotation to The Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Station Road, Panbazar, Guwahati - 781 001 on or before June 09, 2020 up to 14.00 hours.

भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक, गुवाहाटी, अपने उपर पूर्ण श्रेण के कारभारी / उप-कारभारी तथा, गुवाहाटी, अपताल, शिल्लॉंग, अइज़ल, इम्फाल और गंगटोक में कार्य करने वाले अधिकारी / कर्मचारियों के लिए समूह व्यक्तिगत बीमा पॉलिसी प्रदाता से निवेदन करता है। विवरण के लिए कृपया www.rbi.org.in पर 'टेंडर सेक्शन' में उपलब्ध हैं। रुचित और योग्य बीमा कंपनियाँ अपने समूह व्यक्तिगत बीमा पॉलिसी प्रदाता के रूप में, गुवाहाटी, अपताल, शिल्लॉंग, अइज़ल, इम्फाल और गंगटोक में कार्य करने वाले अधिकारी / कर्मचारियों के लिए समूह व्यक्तिगत बीमा पॉलिसी प्रदाता से निवेदन करनी है।

आवेदन गुवाहाटी क्षेत्र के क्षेत्रीय निदेशक, भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक, स्टेशन रोड, पानबाजार, गुवाहाटी - 781 001 को 09 जून 2020 को 14.00 बजे तक या उससे पहले प्रस्तुत करना है।
स्थान: गुवाहाटी / Place: Guwahati क्षेत्रीय निदेशक / Regional Director

ANNEXURE - A**ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT CELL OF OIL INDIA LIMITED – FHQ, DULIAJAN**

No	NAME	DESIGNATION	QUALIFICATION
1.	Sri. Rupam Jyoti Sutradhar	Deputy General Manager (HSE)	B.Sc (Chemistry), M.Sc (Chemistry)
2.	Sri. Swapnanil Kakaty	Deputy Chief Engineer (HSE)	B.E (Electrical Engineering)
3.	Sri. Sachin Kumar Verma	Superintending Engineer (HSE)	B.Tech (Environmental Engineering)
4.	Sri. Akash Neel Das	Superintending Engineer (HSE)	B.E (Mechanical Engineering), PG Diploma (Fire & Safety Management), PGDM
5.	Sri. Bantupalli Sai Venkatesh	Superintending Engineer (HSE)	B.E (Civil Engineering), M.Tech (Environmental Engineering)





Common Environment Management Plan for Onshore Oil & Gas
Drilling Activity



Contents

S.No	Content
1.0	INTRODUCTION
2.0	Environmental Management Plan
3.0	IMPACT ASSESSMENT
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	4.2 Noise Quality
	4.3 Soil Quality
	4.4 Water Quality and Hydrogeology
	4.5 Biological Environment
	4.6 Socio-Economic Environment
	4.7 Impact on Community Health & Safety
4.0	DETAIL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN
	5.1 Air Quality Management Plan
	5.2 Noise Management Plan
	5.3 Soil Quality Management Plan
	5.4 Surface Water Quality Management Plan
	5.5 Ground Water Quality Management Plan
	5.6 Waste Management Plan
	5.7 Wildlife Management Plan
	5.8 Road Safety & Traffic Management Plan
	5.9 Occupation Health & Safety Management Plan
	5.10 Management of Social issues and concerns
	5.11 Emergency Response Plan
5.0	Environment Management Matrix
6.0	Summary and Conclusion

1.0 INTRODUCTION:

OIL INDIA LIMITED (OIL), a Government of India Maharatna Enterprise, is currently engaged in carrying out hydrocarbon exploration and production activities mostly in its operational areas in Upper Assam, Arunachal Pradesh and Mizoram in the North Eastern part of India. OIL is also undertaking hydrocarbon exploration activities in few Indian states and few overseas countries. Oil India Limited was incorporated on 18th February 1959 to expand and develop the newly discovered oil fields of Naharkatia and Moran in the Indian North East. In 1961, it became a joint venture company between the Indian Government and Burmah Oil Company Limited, UK. In 1981, OIL became a wholly owned Government of India enterprise. Today, OIL is a premier Indian National Oil Company engaged in the business of exploration, development and production of crude oil and natural gas, transportation of crude oil and production of LPG.

Govt. of India and Assam has awarded Petroleum Mining Leases (PML) to OIL for exploration and development of oil & gas at Dibrugarh, Chabua, Tinsukia, Hugrujan, Naharkatiya Extn, Dholiya and Dumduma areas including the adjoining areas in Dibrugarh, Tinsukia and Sibsagar Districts.

2.0 Environmental Management Plan

This Environmental Management Plan and Monitoring Framework is a site-specific document for the drilling activities that have been developed to ensure that OIL can implement the project in an environmentally conscious manner and where all contractors, understand the potential environmental risks arising out of the proposed project and take appropriate actions to properly manage such risk.

This EMP will be an overview document that will guide environmental management of all aspects of OIL's activities i.e. construction and operation of drilling wells. This EMP will be backed up by more specific Environmental Action Plans, Procedures and Bridging Documents.

The EMP describes the actions to be adopted in terms of:

- National Policies and Regulations;
- Best Practices and guides; and
- Local Environmental and Social Sensitivities.

The Environment Policy of OIL is presented below.



3.0 IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The potential impacts arising due to the construction and operation of the drilling activities are given below:

3.1 Air Quality: The operation of DG/GG sets, movement of vehicles and machineries during construction and drilling at drill sites will result in the generation of air pollutants viz. PM, NO_x and SO_x that may affect the ambient air quality temporarily. Air pollutants like particulate matter, hydrocarbons and NO_x will also be generated during drilling operations.

3.2 Noise Quality: Operation of heavy machinery/equipments and vehicular movement during site preparatory and road strengthening/construction activities may result in the generation of increased noise levels. Operational phase noise impacts are anticipated from the running of drilling rig and ancillary equipment viz. shale shakers, mud pumps and diesel generators, gas generators.

3.3 Soil Quality: Stripping of top soil will affect the soil fertility of the well sites temporarily. Potential adverse impacts on soil quality may also result from improper storage and handling of fuel, lubricants, drilling mud and drill cuttings.

3.4 Water Quality and Hydrogeology: All wastewater discharged from the drilling operations will be treated in the ETP and discharges will conform to CPCB standards. As the volume of water to be discharged is small, it is anticipated to cause minor increase in pollution load for specific parameters in receiving water bodies. Uncontrolled surface runoff from the drill sites may compose of waste fluids or storm water mixed with oil and grease and may pollute the surface water quality. However, the surface runoff will be treated with sedimentation tank and oil water separator at site.

3.5 Biological Environment:

The existing vegetation at the proposed drill sites, approach roads and RoU of the pipeline will be felled for site development. Noise generated from drilling operations and vehicular movement within the drill sites and approach roads may affect the reptiles, birds and mammals adversely and may result in their moving away from the project area for a temporary period. OIL will obtain Forest Clearance from MoEF&CC for drilling within the forestlands; all the conditions mentioned in the forest clearance would be complied. Surface runoff from the drill sites contaminated with sediment, may reach surface water channels and increase the suspended solids load of the channel water. Increase of suspended solid will increase the turbidity of river water that ultimately will adversely affect the DO level in the water. The turbid water and lower DO may affect the primary productivity of the impacted areas of the rivers. The process effluent will be adequately treated in the ETP to meet the industrial effluent discharge standards. The discharge of treated effluent is not expected to cause perceptible changes in the water quality of the receiving stream.

3.6 Socio-Economic Environment: Approximately 3 ha. land would be required for each well. Land will be purchased from local communities however; no physical displacement during land procurement is anticipated. Additionally, land will also be procured for construction of 100-200 m approach road to the drill site from existing roads. Anticipated number of families directly impacted would be limited to 2-5 nos. for each of the drill sites. The dependency of the landowner in case of generation of livelihood is limited as the land is classified as monocropped agricultural land.

OIL/its contractors would endeavour to provide maximum employment to the local people; however, certain percentage of semi-skilled and highly skilled migrant labour would be used by contractors for manning technical activities. It is anticipated that occasional conflicts would arise with the local community over the recruitment of migrant workers. Discomfort due to dust and noise to adjoining communities, influx of people are likely to occur.

The construction phase of the project is likely to generate both direct and indirect opportunities for employment. The estimated direct employment would be approximately 50 un-skilled workers during the peak construction phase that will primarily sourced from nearby areas. Indirect employment would be primarily in the supply chain as vendors, which are anticipated to be set up to support the construction.

3.7 Impact on Community Health & Safety: Community health and safety of inhabitants residing close to the proposed well sites stand to get affected from frequent heavy vehicular movements along village access roads and due to noise from drilling rig operations, movement of heavy vehicles during construction etc.

4.0 DETAIL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

4.1 Air Quality Management Plan

- Vehicles delivering raw materials like fine aggregates will be covered to prevent fugitive emissions.
- Sprinkling of water on earthworks, material haulage and transportation routes on a regular basis during construction and decommissioning phase of the wells.
- Flare stacks of adequate height would be provided.
- DG/GG set stacks would have adequate height, as per statutory requirements, to be able to adequately disperse exhaust gases
- Periodic monitoring of DG/GG set stack emission will be carried out in accordance with the Environmental Monitoring Plan to assess compliance with CPCB DG set exhaust standards.

4.2 Noise Management Plan

- Selection and use of low noise generating equipment with in-built engineering controls viz. mufflers, silencers, etc.
- All DG/GG sets would be provided with acoustic enclosures.
- Appropriate PPEs (e.g. ear plugs) will be used for by workers while working near high noise generating equipment.
- All vehicles utilized in transportation of raw materials and personnel will have valid Pollution under Control Certificates (PUC).
- All high noise generating equipment will be identified and subjected to periodic preventive maintenance.
- No night time operation of vehicles and construction activities will be undertaken.

4.3 Soil Quality Management Plan

- Drip trays to be used during vehicular/equipment maintenance and during re-fuelling operations.
- Spill kits will be made available at all fuel and lubricant storage areas. All spills/leaks contained, reported and cleaned up immediately.
- Dedicated paved storage area will be identified for the drilling chemicals, fuel, lubricants and oils within the drill sites.
- 1.5 mm HDPE lined pits will be considered for the disposal of unusable drilling mud cuttings and drilling wastewater etc.

4.4 Surface Water Quality Management Plan

- Levelling and grading operations will be undertaken with minimal disturbance to the existing site contours thereby maintaining the general slope and topographical profile of the site.
- During site preparation and construction, surface water run-off will be channelized through appropriately designed drainage system.
- Sediment filters and oil-water separators will be installed to intercept run-off and remove sediment before it enters water courses.
- Domestic wastewater generated from drill sites will be treated through septic tank and soak pit system and then discharged.
- Process wastewater would be treated in Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) at drill sites.

4.5 Ground Water Quality Management Plan

- Water based mud would be used as a drilling fluid for the proposed project.
- Eco-friendly synthetic based mud if required for deeper sections, will be used after providing intimation to the Pollution Control Board;
- The drill cutting along with spent mud will be stored in HDPE lined pit.

4.6 Waste Management Plan

- Use of low toxicity chemicals for the preparation of drilling fluid.
- Management of drill cuttings, waste drilling mud, waste oil and domestic waste, wastewater in accordance with Standards for Emission or Discharge of Environmental Pollutants from Oil Drilling and Gas Extraction Industry of CPCB as modified in 2005.
- The hazardous waste (waste and used oil) will be managed in accordance with Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016.
- The kitchen waste will be disposed in nearest municipal/village dumping site on a daily basis through approved waste handling contractors.
- The sewage generated will be treated through septic tank and soak pit system.
- Used batteries will be recycled through the vendors supplying lead acid batteries as required under the Batteries (Management & Handling) Rules, 2001.
- The drilling cuttings pit will be bunded and kept covered using tarpaulin sheets during monsoon.

4.7 Wildlife Management Plan

- Movement of heavy vehicles will be restricted at night time, especially if access roads pass through forest areas, as most of the mammals movement occurs during night;
- Noise levels at the drill sites will be controlled through selection of low noise generating equipment and installation of sufficient engineering controls viz. mufflers, silencers etc.
- No temporary electric supply connection line from the grid will be laid for the proposed project activity. All electric requirements will be supplied from the internal DG sets.
- OIL will have to take Forest Clearance from MoEFCC for development of drill sites, access roads and laying of pipeline within forest areas.

4.8 Road Safety & Traffic Management Plan

- The condition of roads and bridges identified for movement of vehicles and drilling rig will be assessed and if required strengthened by OIL to ensure their safe movement.
- Precautions will be taken by the contractor to avoid damage to the public access routes including highways during vehicular movement.
- Traffic flows will be scheduled wherever practicable during period of increased commuter movement.

4.9 Occupation Health & Safety Management Plan

- All machines to be used in the construction will conform to the relevant Indian Standards (IS) codes, will be kept in good working order, will be regularly inspected and properly maintained as per IS provisions and to the satisfaction of the site Engineer.
- Hazardous and risky areas, installations, materials, safety measures, emergency exits, etc. shall be appropriately marked.

4.10 Management of Social issues and concerns

- People from adjoining areas especially given job preference through local contractors according to the skill sets possessed.
- Prior to the commencement of the proposed activity, a consultation program will be conducted by OIL with the target groups and local authorities. The primary objective of such consultation will be to share with the concerned villagers/stakeholders the objective of the proposed project associated impacts and their mitigation.
- OIL will give more emphasis and priority on periphery development, development of health facilities and provision for drinking water facility as per Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Plan.
- The drill sites would be fenced and gates would be constructed so that the children are refrained from straying into the site.

4.11 Emergency Response Plan

- Drilling rig and related equipment to be used for drilling will be conformed to international standards specified for such equipment.
- Blow-out preventers and related well control equipment shall be installed, operated, maintained and tested generally in accordance with internationally recognized standards.
- Appropriate gas and leak detection system will be made available at each of the drill sites.
- Adequate fire-fighting equipment shall be provided at each drilling site.

The environmental mitigation measures and plans are presented in form of a matrix according to the sequential flow of activities in the project life cycle. The matrix focuses on strategies to be adopted for safe guard of the environment from possible impacts resulting out of the project activities. The strategies have further been detailed out as management procedures and programmes in subsequent sections.

The EMP helps establish the linkage between the activities environmental impacts and mitigation measures and presents the monitoring framework i.e. the Environmental Performance Indicator (EPI) No. as well as the Environmental Quality Indicator (EQI).

5.0 Environment Management Matrix

S No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
1.	Physical Presence of drill site, rig and other machinery.	1.1	Change in visual characteristics of the area due to installation of drilling setup	Temporary change in landscape	On completion of works (in phases) all temporary structures, surplus materials and wastes will be completely removed. Only structure required for safety purposes would be retained on the bare drill site.	Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan
		1.2	Increase of illumination at night time due to installation of drilling setup	Temporary disturbance of the nearby villagers	Appropriate shading of lights to prevent scattering	Grievance records/ Consultation with Villagers	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Management of social issues & concerns
		1.3	Influx of man power & immigrant labour force to nearby villages	Possibility Cultural and behavioural conflict	Preference used of local labour forces to the extent possible	Grievance records	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Management of social issues & concerns
2.	Storage & Handling of Materials & Spoils	2.1	Emission of fugitive dust from loading & unloading operation	Temporary impact on air quality especially SPM	All loading and unloading activities to be carried out as close as possible to the storage facilities.	Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Air Quality Management
		2.2	Accidental spillage of oil & chemicals	Potential contamination surface water body resulting impact on aquatic ecosystem	All spills to be reported and contained to prevent entry of spilled chemicals/fuels to any surface water body or drainage channel	Records of spills/Community Grievances	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Surface water quality management plan, Wildlife Management Plan
				Potential impact on soil quality	All spills to be reported and remedial measures to be taken for clean-up of the spill.	Records of Spills/Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Spill management plan

S No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
3.	Transport of Materials, Spoils and Machinery	3.1	Emission of gaseous pollutants from vehicle during transportation of materials, spoils and machinery	Temporary deterioration on air quality along transport route	All diesel-powered equipment will be regularly maintained and idling time reduced to minimise emissions; Vehicle / equipment air emissions will be controlled by good practice procedures (such as turning off equipment when not in use); Vehicle / equipment exhausts observed emitting significant black smoke in their exhausts will be serviced/ replaced	Records and Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Air Quality Management plan
		3.2	Noise emission during transport of materials, spoils and machinery	Temporary deterioration in ambient noise along the transportation route	Undertake preventive maintenance of vehicles and machinery to reduce noise levels. Restriction on unnecessary use of horns by trucks and vehicle in settlement area	Site Inspection/Records of repairs	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Noise Quality Management Plan
4.	Operation & maintenance of rig and associated machinery.	4.1	Emission of air pollutant from DG/GG sets	Temporary impact on air quality due to increase in concentration of gaseous pollutants e.g. NOx, HC	Preventive maintenance of DG sets to be undertaken as per manufacturers schedule	Site Inspection/Records of repairs	Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Air Quality Management plan
		4.2	Emission of Noise from DG/GG sets	Temporary increase of ambient as well a	All workers working near high noise generating equipment to be provided	Recording of Noise	Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Noise Quality Management Plan and

S No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
				work place noise level	with Personal Protective equipment Preventive maintenance of machinery to be undertaken as per manufacturers schedule Install sufficient engineering control (mufflers) to reduce noise level at source				Occupational Health & Safety Management Plan
		4.3	Emission of noise from operation of the rig	Temporary increase of ambient as well as work place noise level	All workers working near high noise generating equipment to be provided with Personal Protective equipment Preventive maintenance of machinery to be undertaken as per manufacturers schedule	Site Inspection	Drilling of Wells	OIL/Contractor	Noise Quality Management Plan and Occupational Health & Safety Management Plan
		4.4	Abstraction of ground water for project usage	Depletion of ground water resources	Optimize use of water during drilling operations	Record Keeping and Auditing	Construction & Drilling	OIL/Contractor	None
		4.5	Noise from mud pump during preparation of drilling mud	Temporary increase of ambient & work place noise level	Preventive maintenance of machinery to be undertaken as per manufacturers schedule	Recording of Noise	Drilling of Wells	OIL/Contractor	Noise Quality Management Plan and Occupational Health & Safety Management

No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
					All workers working near high noise generating equipment to be provided with Personal Protective equipment				Plan
		4.6	Accidental spillage of chemicals during preparation drill mud	Contamination of soil resulting loss of soil living organism	Manage spills of contaminants on soil	Records of spills	Drilling of Wells	OIL/Contractor	Spill Management plan
		4.7	Accidental spillage of chemicals during preparation drill mud	Potential impact on surface water quality and aquatic ecosystem	All spill to be contained so that it does not reach any surface water body or drainage channels	Records of spills	Drilling of Wells	OIL/Contractor	Surface water quality management plan
5.	Operation & maintenance of Vehicles	5.1	Emission of Noise from vehicles	Temporary increase of noise level in areas abutting transport route	Preventive maintenance of vehicles to be undertaken as and when required	Maintenance Records	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Noise quality management plan
		5.2	Emission of gaseous air pollutant from vehicles	Temporary deterioration air quality in areas abutting transport routes	Preventive maintenance of vehicles to be undertaken as and when required	Site Inspection/Records of repairs	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Air quality management plan
		5.3	Spillage of fuels & lubricants from vehicles	Contamination of soil resulting loss of soil living organism	Adopt best practices e.g. use pumps and dispensing nozzle for transfer of fuel, use of drip trays. Etc.	Site Inspections/Audits	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Spill Management plan
				Impact on surface water quality and	The drainage system on site to be provided with Sedimentation tank and Oil-	Site Inspection/Audits	Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Surface water quality management

S No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
				aquatic ecosystem	water Separator to prevent contamination especially oil and grease from being carried off by runoff.				plan and Spill Management plan
6.	Casing & cementing of well	6.1	Noise from machinery during preparation of cement slurry	Temporary increase of ambient noise level	Install sufficient engineering control on equipment and machineries (like mufflers in DG sets) to reduce noise and vibration emission levels at source, carry out proper maintenance and subject them to rigid noise and vibration control procedures.	Site Inspection	Drilling of Wells	OIL/Contractor	Noise quality management plan
		6.2	Loss of drilling mud and cement slurry during casing of well	Potential contamination of ground water aquifer	Proper engineering controls during cementing operation to prevent migration of drilling mud and cement slurry into ground water aquifer	Site Inspection	Drilling of Wells	OIL/Contractor	Ground water quality management plan
7.	Temporary storage, handling & disposal of process waste	7.1	Accidental spillage of process waste (unused cement slurry, return mud & drill cuttings) at the temporary storage site	Potential for contamination of soil and ground water	Proper engineering controls for the drilling and cementing operations;	Drilling and Decommissioning Phases	Drilling and Decommissioning Phases	OIL/Contractor	Ground water quality management plan
		7.2	Surface runoff from temporary storage site of drill cuttings & unused mud into surface water bodies	Impact on surface water quality and aquatic ecosystem	All Temporary waste storage area will have proper bunds to prevent any escape of contaminated runoff Ensure that any runoff from such temporary storage area	Site Inspection and Record keeping	Drilling and Decommissioning Phases	OIL/Contractor	Surface water quality management plan and Spill Management plan

No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
					are channelized into ETP				
		7.3	Accidental leakage/spillage of oils and lubricants and fuel from temporary storages	Contamination of soil resulting in loss of soil living organism	Dispose process waste and domestic waste as per regulation/ best practices Dispose debris and waste in designated areas and as per plan to prevent degradation of land	Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan and Spill Management plan
		7.4	Accidental leakage/spillage of oils and lubricants from temporary storages	Contamination of surface water resulting in deterioration of surface water quality and adverse impact on aquatic ecosystem	All chemical and fuel storage areas will have proper bunds so that contaminated run-off cannot escape into the storm-water drainage system. The waste pits (waste water and drill cuttings) will be bounded and covered by tarpaulin sheet to prevent mixing of runoff water with waste water and leachate from waste pit and also reduce the volume of waste water.	Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan and Spill Management plan
		7.5	Disposal/spillage of spent oils & lubricants into environmental media	Contamination of soil resulting loss of soil living organism Contamination of surface water resulting deterioration of surface water quality and aquatic	Ensure recycling of spent oil & lubricant through authorized dealer	Site Inspection	Construction &Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan and Spill Management plan



S No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
				ecosystem					
		7.6	Disposal of used battery & spent filters in environmental media	Potential for contamination of soil, ground water and surface water body	Ensure recycling of waste through authorized waste recycler	Site Inspection and Record Keeping	Construction & Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan and Spill Management plan
		7.7	Offsite disposal of metallic, packing, scrap	Localized visual impacts		Site Inspection and Record Keeping	Construction & Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan
8.	Testing & Flaring of natural gas	8.1	Emission of air pollutants from flare stack at drill site.	Temporary localized deterioration air quality (NOx, HC)	Proper engineering controls to ensure complete combustion of gas Location of Flare stack to be chosen considering the sensitive receptors adjoining the site	Engineering Designs /Site inspections	Construction & Drilling	OIL S& E Team and Drilling team	Waste Management Plan
9.	Storage of materials (equipment, chemicals, fuel)	9.1	Accidental spillage during storage and handling of materials	Potential for contamination of soil & ground water	Impervious storage area, especially for fuel & lubricant, chemical, hazardous waste, etc.	Site Inspection	Construction & Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Spill Management plan
				Safety concerns for workers involved in handling of hazardous materials	Personal protective equipment to be provided to workers involving in handling of hazardous materials	Site Inspection	Construction & Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Health and Safety Plan

S No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
10.	Technical Emergencies	10.1	Probability of accidental leakage of gas/ liquid hydro-carbons due to failure of safety devices	Potential adverse impact on personnel, environment & assets	<p>Proper engineering controls to prevent leakage of sour gases</p> <p>Obtain an early warning of emergency conditions so as to prevent a negative impact on personnel, the environment, and assets</p> <p>Safeguard personnel to prevent injuries or loss of life by either protecting personnel from the hazard and/or evacuating them from the facilities</p> <p>Minimize the impact of such an event on the environment and the facilities by mitigating the potential for escalation and, where possible, containing the release</p> <p>Develop evacuation procedures to handle emergency situations.</p>	Site Inspection	Drilling	OIL/Contractor	Emergency Response Plan
11.	Dismantling of rig & associated machineries	11.1	Emission of noise during dismantling of rig	Temporary deterioration of ambient noise quality resulting in discomfort	All noise generating activities will be restricted during day time	Site Inspection	Well Decommissioning Phase	OIL/Contractor	Noise quality management plan
		11.2	Generation of waste during dismantling of rig	Temporary visual impacts	Storage of waste in designated areas only recyclable waste should be recycled through authorized	Site Inspection	Well Decommissioning Phase	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan

No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
					water recycler				
		11.3	Disposal/spillage of spent oils & lubricants into environmental media	Contamination of soil resulting loss of soil living organism Contamination of surface water resulting deterioration of surface water quality and aquatic ecosystem	Manage spills of contaminants on soil	Site Inspection and Record keeping	Well Decommissioning Phase	OIL/Contractor	Waste Management Plan
12.	Transportation of drilling facilities	12.1	Emission of gaseous air pollutant during transportation of drilling facilities	Temporary localized deterioration of air quality due to emission gaseous pollutants	Vehicle / equipment air emissions will be controlled by good practice procedures (such as turning off equipment when not in use); and Vehicle / equipment exhausts observed emitting significant black smoke in their exhausts will be serviced/ replaced	Site Inspection and Record keeping	Well Decommissioning Phase	OIL/Contractor	Air quality management plan
		12.2	Fugitive emissions due to re-entrainment of dust during transport of drilling facilities	Temporary localized deterioration of air quality due to increase in SPM levels	Approach road to be sprinkled daily with water	Site Inspection	Well Decommissioning Phase	OIL/Contractor	Air quality management plan
		12.3	Emission of noise during transport of drilling facilities	Temporary deterioration of noise quality	Restrict all noise generating operations, except drilling, to daytime	Site Inspection	Well Decommissioning Phase	OIL/Contractor	Noise quality management plan

No	Activity	Ref	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Timing/ Frequency	Responsible Party	Related Plans
					Restriction on unnecessary use of horns by trucks and vehicle in settlement area				

6.0 Summary and Conclusion

The EMP has been made to assess the potential significant adverse environmental effects due to the proposed construction and drilling activities.

Mitigation measures have been proposed as part of EMP to minimize adverse environmental impacts, if any. Risk assessment includes Jet Fire and Vapour Cloud Explosion for blowout of wells. The existing Emergency Management Plan of OIL will be extended to this project, strengthened as necessary and implemented in the event of any emergency arising due to above mentioned risks.

The present impact assessment study indicates that the overall impact from the proposed project will be short to medium term, reversible, localised and are not expected to contribute significantly to the surrounding environment. Also, with the implementation of the pollution control and strengthen the existing environment management measures, these anticipated impacts due to proposed site preparation and drilling operation and decommissioning activities of the proposed project will be mitigated. Summary of impact significance without mitigation measures and with mitigation measures is presented at the table below.

Summary of Impact Significance without and with Mitigation Measures

Impact	Impact significance without mitigation measures	Impact significance with mitigation measures
Aesthetic & visual	Moderate	Minor
Land Use	Negligible	-
Soil Quality	Moderate	Minor
Air Quality	Moderate	Minor
Noise Quality	Major	Moderate
Road & Traffic	Moderate	Minor
Surface Water Quality	Moderate	Moderate
Ground water resource	Minor	Minor
Ground Water Quality	Moderate	Minor
Terrestrial Ecology	Negligible	-
	Minor	Minor
	Major	Moderate
Aquatic Ecology	Moderate	Moderate
Livelihood & Income generation	Moderate	Moderate
Conflict with local people	Moderate	Moderate
Benefit to Local Enterprises	Positive	-
Employment Generation	Positive	-
Occupational health & safety	Moderate	Minor
Community health & safety	Moderate	Minor

OIL will also ensure that the environmental performances of all the activities are monitored throughout execution of the project during site preparation, drilling and decommissioning phases. Monitoring will be carried out for ambient air quality, stack emission, noise quality, quality of treated effluents, surface and groundwater qualities, waste generated and disposed etc. and verified that they meet the prescribed standards. OIL will continue to report environmental performance and submit monitoring reports regularly to statutory authorities.

The effective management system coupled with monitoring of environmental components and efforts for continual improvements will result in satisfactory environmental performance of the proposed oil and gas drilling and development project.

THANKS YOU

Annexure - C



ऑयल इंडिया लिमिटेड

(भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

Oil India Limited

(A Government of India Enterprise)

Health Safety & Environment Department

P.O. DULIAJAN-786602,

ASSAM, INDIA

Phone : 0374-2800542

Fax : 0374-2801796

Email: safety@oilindia.in

Ref. No.: S&E/E/21(B)/940

Date: 20.09.2023

To
The Member Secretary,
Pollution Control Board, Assam,
Bamunimaidam, Guwahati- 781021.

Sub: Submission of Environmental Statement (Form-V) under Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986.

Sir,

With reference to the above subject, we are submitting herewith the Environmental Statement (Form-V) for the financial year ending 31st March, 2023 pertaining to the operations of Oil India Limited in the districts of Dibrugarh, Tinsukia, Sivsagar and Charaideo in Assam.

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully
OIL INDIA LIMITED

(Ajit Chandra Haloi)
Executive Director (HSE)
For **Resident Chief Executive**

Encl: As above.

Copy:

1. Regional Executive Engineer,
Pollution Control Board Assam,
Back Side of ASTC Bus Station,
Chowkidinghee, Dibrugarh,
PIN: 786001.
2. Executive Engineer,
Regional Laboratory cum Office,
Pollution Control Board Assam,
Melachakar, Sivsagar,
PIN: 785640.

FORM - V
(See Rule 14)
ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE
31st MARCH, 2023

PART - A

(i) **Name and address of the owner/occupier of the industry operation or process.**

OIL INDIA LIMITED
P.O. DULIAJAN
DIST. DIBRUGARH
ASSAM -786602.

Note: Environmental Statement (Form - V) is pertaining to the operations of Oil India Limited in the districts of Dibrugarh, Tinsukia, Sivasagar and Charaideo in Assam.

(ii) **Industry category:** Red - Oil and gas extraction (on-shore extraction through drilling wells)

(iii) **Production capacity - Units**

OIL's production target is fixed as per the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, Govt. of India, which varies from year to year.

Production details during F.Y. 2022-23:

- **Crude Oil:** 3.114 MMT.
- **Natural Gas:** 2809.214 MMSCM
- **LPG:** 32,100 MT.

(iv) **Year of establishment:**

OIL INDIA LTD. was formed in 1961 as a joint venture with M/S. Burma Oil Company, UK and on 14th Oct. 1981, OIL became a fully owned Govt. of India Enterprise.

(v) **Date of last Environmental Statement submitted:** 20.09.2022.

PART - B
WATER AND RAW MATERIAL CONSUMPTION

(I) Water consumption m³/d:

S.No	Purpose	Water Consumption (m ³ / day)
1.	Process & Cooling	14473.7
2.	Domestic	16038.63
TOTAL		30512.33

Name of Products	Process water consumption per unit of product output	
	During F.Y. 2021-22	During F.Y. 2022-23
(1)	(2)	(3)
Hydrocarbon (Crude Oil, Natural Gas, LPG)	1.12 m ³ /MT (Approx.)	1 m ³ /MT (Approx.)

(II) Raw material consumption

*Name of raw materials	Name of products	Consumption of raw material per unit	
		During F.Y. 2021-22	During F.Y. 2022-23
No raw materials are used as Oil India Limited is engaged in Exploratory and development drilling activities & production of Crude Oil and Natural Gas. However, chemicals such as Bentonite are used for preparation of Water based drilling mud.			

PART - C

POLLUTION DISCHARGED TO ENVIRONMENT/UNIT OF OUTPUT

(Parameter as specified in the consent issued).

Pollutants	Quantity of Pollutants Discharged (mass/day)	Concentrations of pollutants in discharges (mass/volume)	Percentage of variation from prescribed standards with reasons
(a) Water	NIL. There is no discharge of pollutants from drilling locations and Production Installations. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wastewater generated from drilling locations is treated in Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) and reused back in the drilling operation. The formation water generated after separation from crude oil and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quality of ETP treated water from the drilling locations is analyzed frequently. (Test report is enclosed as Annexure - I). Quality of Formation water is analyzed frequently (Test report enclosed as Annexure- 	No variation is observed. All parameters of treated effluent and Formation water are within the permissible limits.

	treatment is pumped back to the underground formation (depth greater than 1600 m) through formation water disposal wells.	II)	
(b) Air	No major air pollutants are emitted from Oil & Gas exploratory and development drilling and production activities except Stack Gas emissions at drilling locations and Production Installations & Flaring at Oil Collecting Stations.	Stack Gas and Ambient Air Quality (AAQ) monitoring is carried out frequently at drilling locations and Production Installations (Test report enclosed as Annexure- III)	No variation is observed. All parameters of Stack Gas emissions and Ambient Air are within the permissible limits.

PART – D

HAZARDOUS WASTES

(As specified under Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016)

Hazardous Wastes	Category of Hazardous Waste as per Schedule - I of HW Rules, 2016	Total Quantity generated	
		During F.Y. 2021-22	During F.Y. 2022-23
a) From process	S.No. 2.2 Sludge containing Oil	9943 MT	4671.52 MT
	S.No. 5.1 Used or Spent Oil	60 KL	208 KL
	S.No. 33.1 Empty barrels/containers/liners contaminated with hazardous chemicals/ wastes	41569 Nos.	26616 Nos.
	S.No. 33.2 Contaminated cotton rags or other cleaning materials	3.7 MT	6.19 MT
b) From pollution control facilities	S.No. 33.5 Chemical sludge from waste water treatment	2600 KL	120.84 KL

PART - E
SOLID WASTES

Solid Wastes	Total Quantity	
	During F.Y. 2021-22	During F.Y. 2022-23
(a) From process		
Drill Cuttings	23,000 m ³ (Approx.)	27,000 m ³ (Approx.)
(b) From pollution control facilities	NIL	
(c)		
(1) Quantity recycled or re-utilized within the unit.	N/A	
(2) Sold	N/A	
(3) Disposed	N/A	

PART - F

PLEASE SPECIFY THE CHARACTERIZATION (IN TERMS OF COMPOSITION AND QUANTUM) OF HAZARDOUS AS WELL AS SOLID WASTES AND INDICATE DISPOSAL PRACTICE ADOPTED FOR BOTH THESE CATEGORIES OF WASTES.

(I) Hazardous Wastes:

Name of the Hazardous Waste	Quantity generated during F.Y. 2022-23	Disposal Practices
a) Sludge containing Oil	4671.52 MT	Sent to Sludge Processing Plant for oil recovery followed by Bioremediation
b) Used or Spent Oil	208 KL	Stored in barrels under covered shed and sold to authorized recyclers through auction
c) Empty barrels/containers/liners contaminated with hazardous chemicals/wastes	26616 Nos	Sold to authorized recyclers through auction
d) Contaminated cotton rags or other cleaning materials	6.19 MT	Bioremediation
e) Chemical sludge from waste water treatment	120.84 KL	Disposed in HDPE lined pits

(I) Solid Wastes:

Name of the Solid Waste	Quantity generated during F.Y. 2022-23	Disposal Practices
a) Drill Cuttings	27,000 m ³ (Approx.)	Disposed in HDPE lined pits

PART – G

IMPACT OF THE POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES TAKEN ON CONSERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ON THE COST OF PRODUCTION

- Acoustic enclosures have been provided around all gensets to reduce noise levels.
- Recovery of drilling mud from drill cuttings by using a combination of Vertical Cutting Dryer (VCD) and a high-performance centrifuge.
- Wastewater generated from drilling locations is collected in HDPE lined pits, treated in Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) with Reverse Osmosis unit and the treated effluent is reused back in the drilling operation.
- Formation water generated from Production Installations is treated in Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) before disposal in the abandoned/ water disposal wells.
- Processing of oily sludge for recovery of Crude oil and further treatment of sludge through Bioremediation.
- Construction of central concrete pit for disposal of waste mud.
- Treatment of Biomedical waste through incinerator.
- Plantation of 50,000 saplings was carried out at 8 nos. of abandoned OIL well sites.

PART – H

Additional measures/investment proposal for environmental protection, abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution.

- MoU with District Administration, Tinsukia for treating the legacy waste of Tinsukia Municipality through the process of Biomining.
- Proposal for construction of Community Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) at Duliajan.
- MoU with Digboi Forest division, Assam for carrying out afforestation in 100 Ha of degraded forest area.
- MoU with IIT Guwahati to study the feasibility of using treated drill cutting as a building material.

PART – I

ANY OTHER PARTICULARS FOR IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF THE ENVIRONMENT.

Report No.: ENV/ARDS/22-23/S-07/WW-03/01
Date : 22/03/2023

Order No.: Telecon
Date :

Report Issued To : **ADITI R & D SERVICES**
Nilesh Buisness Complex, A. T. Road, Digboi, Assam

TEST RESULTS

Sample Ref. No.: ARDS/2023/S-07/1303/01 Sample Source : Rig S#7/MFT, Sonari Sample Type : ETP Treated Water (RO)
Collected On : 13-03-2023 Received On : 14-03-2023 Collected By : ETP Supervisor, ARDS

SL No.	Parameters	Results	Limit [G.S.R. 176(E), 02.04.1996]
1	Colour	Colourless	Colourless
2	Odour	Odourless	Odourless
3	pH value	7.16	5.5 - 9.0
4	Temperature, °C	25.6	40 °C
5	TSS, mg/l	3.9	100
6	BOD, mg/l	<1.0	30
7	COD, mg/l	18	100
8	Chlorides (as Cl), mg/l	3.6	600
9	Sulfates (as SO ₄), mg/l	<1.0	1000
10	TDS, mg/l	61	2100
11	Sodium, (%)	1.6	60
12	Oil & Grease, mg/l	<4.0	10
13	Phenolic Compounds as C ₆ H ₅ OH, mg/l	<0.001	1.2
14	Cyanides, mg/l	<0.001	0.2
15	Fluorides (as F), mg/l	<0.01	1.5
16	Sulfide (as S), mg/l	<0.01	2.0
17	Chromium (Cr ⁺⁶), mg/l	<0.001	0.1
18	Chromium (Total), mg/l	<0.001	1.0
19	Copper, mg/l	<0.001	0.2
20	Lead, mg/l	<0.001	0.1
21	Mercury, mg/l	<0.001	0.01
22	Nickel, mg/l	<0.001	3.0
23	Zinc, mg/l	<0.01	2.0

Analysis Protocol: IS 3025



Checked By: Mr. Pankaj Baroi, **ENVIROCON**

NOTE:

1. Results reported are valid at the time of and under the prevailing conditions of measurement.
2. Results refer only to the particular parameters tested.
3. This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written permission of ENVIROCON, I.O.C.L (AOD) New Market, Digboi - 786171, Assam.

Core Services: Environmental Monitoring & Data Generation, EIA & EMP, Environmental Audit & Allied Environmental Management jobs
Associate Services: Certification by Competent Person (CIP), NDT, Hydraulic Testing, Chartered Engineer Services etc.



ऑयल इंडिया लिमिटेड
Oil India Limited
(An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Laboratory)
Registered Office: Duliajan, Assam

Annexure - II

CHEMICAL LABORATORY

(An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Laboratory)
CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT, DULIAJAN 786 602, ASSAM, INDIA
(Phone : 91-374-2800439, Fax : 91-374-2801680/2800633.
Email : chemical@oilindia.in)

For internal use only

Ref. No.: Chem/Ana/Misc/466/DJN/23

Date: 23.03.2023 4 MAR 2023

CGM - PSS

Attn.: Prajesh Das, Dy.CE(PSS) & IM-STF

Sub: WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT OF STF MADHUBAN

Ref.: PSS/ STF-35/2022-23/434,

Date:- 21.03.2023

Reference above, please find below the test results of the water sample forwarded to us from your end for laboratory testing.

Characteristics	Unit	Clarified water sample	Test Method/ Instrument used
pH	-	8.4	Metrohm pH meter
TSS	mg/l	56	Gravimetric method
TDS	mg/l	4100	Gravimetric method
Salinity as NaCl	mg/l	2100	Titration with silver nitrate
Oil & Grease	mg/l	Nil	Horiba oil content analyser
Turbidity	NTU	6.02	Turbidity meter

Sample details :

The above clarified water sample was collected by PSS Department from STF Madhuban on 21.03.2023 & received at Analytical & Environmental laboratory on 21.03.2023 for necessary laboratory testing.

Note: Parameters were tested as per requirement of the customer mentioned in the memo.

Tested by :- WR/PJK/PS/NC

Pranab Jyoti Das

Suptdg. Chemist (Lab)

For DGM-Chemical (Lab)

Copy: Analytical & Environmental sec. file

ChemLab/Ana/Dept/Env/Sec/4

STACK GAS MONITORING REPORT

Name & Address of the Customer		Report No.	: MSK/2022-23/1881
"M/s OIL INDIA LIMITED" Duliajan, Dibrugarh, Assam-786602		Report Date	: 31.01.2023
		Nature of Sample	: Stack Emission
		Sample Mark	: GCS TENGAKHAT
		Sample Number	: MSKGL/ED/2022-23/12/00398
Ref. No.:W.O. NO.- 8125981 of Contract No. 6116895			
Date of Sampling	Sample Received Date	Analysis Start Date	Analysis Complete Date
14.12.2022	17.12.2022	17.12.2022	24.12.2022

ANALYSIS RESULT

General information about stack :		GP-1	
1.	Stack connected to	GAS COMORESSOR	
2.	Emission due to	NG	
3.	Material of construction of Stack	MS	
4.	Shape of Stack	Circular	
5.	Whether stack is provided with permanent platform & ladder	Yes	
6.	DG capacity	NIL	
Physical characteristics of stack :			
1.	Height of the stack from ground level	3.6576 m	
2.	Diameter of the stack at sampling point	0.2032 m	
3.	Area of Stack	0.03241 m ²	
Analysis/Characteristic of stack:			
I. Fuel used : NG			
D.	Result of sampling & analysis of gaseous emission	Result	Limit as per CPCB
1.	Temperature of emission (°C)	187	USEPA Part 2, 25.09.1996
2.	Barometric Pressure (mm of Hg)	762.0	USEPA Part 2, 25.09.1996
3.	Velocity of gas (m/sec)	24.4	USEPA Part 2, 25.09.1996
4.	Quantity of Gas Flow (Nm ³ /hr)	1854	USEPA Part 2, 25.09.1996
5.	Concentration of Oxygen (%v/v)	13.6	IS:13270 :1992 Reaff, 2014
6.	Concentration of Carbon Monoxide (mg/Nm ³)	25.1	IS:13270 :1992 Reaff, 2014
7.	Concentration of Carbon Dioxide (%v/v)	5.8	IS:13270 :1992 Reaff, 2014
8.	Concentration of Sulphur Dioxide (mg/Nm ³)	20.5	USEPA-29, 25/06/1996
9.	Concentration of Nitrogen Oxide (ppmv)	69.3	USEPA Part-6, 25/09/1996
10.	Concentration of Lead (mg/Nm ³)	<0.005	USEPA Part-7, 12/03/1996& USEPA 18 -25.09.1996
11.	Concentration of Particulate matter (mg/Nm ³)	35.9	USEPA Part-17, 16/08/1996
12.	Concentration of Hydrocarbons (ppm)	13.46	USEPA 18 -25.09.1996
E.	Pollution control device :	Remarks: Nil	
Details of pollution control devices attached with the stack : Nil			

Analyzed By:

Prepared By:

Authorized Signatory

For Mitra S.K. Private Limited

Signature

Name _____

Designation. : Executive Chemist

Signature _____

Name _____

Designation: : Assistant Chemist

Signature

Name _____

Designation : Branch Manager

- The results relate only to the item(s) tested.
- This Test Report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the permission of Mitra S.K. Private Limited.
- Our Lab is Approved by NABL & MOEF, Lab Address: P-48 Udayam Industrial Estate 3 Poglodungu Road Kol-700013

Head Office: Shradhi Centre (5th floor), 74B, A.J.C. Bose Road, Kolkata - 700 016, West Bengal, India.
Tel.: 91 33 46143000 / 22650006 / 22650007 Fax: 91 33 22650008
Email: info@mltrask.com Website: www.mltrask.com

Tuesday

Approved by
Uttam Prodhan

Suptdg. Research Scientist, R&D Dept.,
Oil India Ltd., Duliagan, Assam

Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Report

Name & Address of the Customer :		Report No. : MSK/2022-23/1463			
"M/s OIL INDIA LIMITED", Dulajjan, Dibrugarh, Assam-786602		Report Date : 30.12.2022			
		Sample Description : Ambient Air			
		Sample Number : MSKGL/ED/2022-23/1200252			
Ref. No.: W.O. NO.- 8125981 of Contract No. 6116895		Sampling Location : GCS TENGAKHAT			
GPS Reading : N 27°23'55", E 95°06'56"					
Date of Sampling	Sample Received Date	Analysis Start Date	Analysis Complete Date		
15.11.2022	18.11.2022	18.11.2022	25.11.2022		
Environmental Conditions During Sampling & Transport Condition : Temperature : 26°C, Rain fall : NO					
Analysis Result					
Sl. No.	Test Parameter	Method	Unit	Results	CPCB Limit
1	Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀)	IS : 5182 (Part-23)-2006	(µg/m ³)	59.2	100
2	Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5})	IS : 5182 (Part-24)	(µg/m ³)	28.1	60
3	Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂)	IS : 5182 (Part-2)-2001	(µg/m ³)	<6.0	80
4	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	IS : 5182 (Part-6)-2006	(µg/m ³)	16.8	80
5	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	IS 5182 : (Part-10) : 1999	(mg/m ³)	0.59	2
6	Ozone (O ₃)	IS:5182 (Part-IX)-1974 Reaffirmed-2019	(µg/m ³)	<20.0	180
7	Ammonia (NH ₃)	IS 5182 (Part 25) : 2018	(µg/m ³)	<10.0	400
8	Lead (Pb)	USEPA IO-3.4	(µg/m ³)	<0.01	1
9	Nickel (Ni)	USEPA IO-3.4	(ng/m ³)	<0.5	20
10	Arsenic (As)	USEPA IO-3.4	(ng/m ³)	<1.0	6
11	Benzene (C ₆ H ₆)	IS 5182 : (Part 11) : 2006	(µg/m ³)	<4.2	5
12	Benzo(a)Pyrene (BaP)	IS 5182 : (Part 12) : 2004	(ng/m ³)	<0.5	1
13	Mercury (Hg)	USEPA IO-5.0	(µg/m ³)	<0.002	
14	Methane (Hydrocarbon)	IS 5182 : (Part 17)	ppm	1.38	
15	Non-methane (Hydrocarbon)	IS 5182 : (Part 17)	ppm	<0.5	
16	Total Hydrocarbon	IS 5182 : (Part 17)	ppm	1.38	
17	Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	IS 5182 : (PART-11):2006	(µg/m ³)	<4.2	

Limit as per CPCB notification, New Delhi, 18th Nov, 2009, for Ambient air quality

Analyzed By:

Signature

Name

Designation

Mr. Dipankar Mazumdar
Executive Chemist

Prepared By:

Signature

Name

Designation

Mr. Dhrubajyoti Das
Assistant Chemist

Authorized Signatory
For Mitra S.K. Private Limited

Signature

Name

Designation

Tajmool Haque
Branch Manager

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Head Office: Shreechi Centre (5th floor), 74B, A.J.C. Bose Road, Kolkata - 700 016, West Bengal, India.
 Tel : 91 33 40143000 / 22650006 / 22650007 Fax : 91 33 22650008
 Email : info@mitrask.com, Website: www.mitrask.com

Tulsi

Approved by
Uttam Prodhan

Suptdg. Research Scientist, R&D Dept.,
Oil India Ltd., Dulajjan, Assam



Pollution Control Board:: Assam
Bamunimaidam; Guwahati-21
 (Department of Environment & Forests:: Government of Assam)
 Phone: 0361-2652774 & 3150318; Fax: 0361-3150319
 Website: www.pcbassam.org



No. WB/T-311/21-22/329

Dated Guwahati the. 13/10 October, 2022

FORM – 2
[See Rule 6(2)]

[Grant of Authorization under the Provision of the Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016]

1. Number of Authorisation and date of issue : No. WB/T-311/21-22/ dtd. .10.2022
2. Reference of application (No. and date) : 1292415
3. M/s OIL INDIA LIMITED, Percy Evans Road, Duliagan, Dibrugarh, Assam-786602 is hereby granted an authorisation based on the signed inspection report for Generation, storage and transportation of Hazardous or Other wastes or both.

DETAILS OF AUTHORISATION

Sl. No.	Category of Hazardous Waste as per the Schedules-I, II & III of these rules	Authorised mode of disposal or recycling or utilisation or co-processing, etc.	Quantity (ton/annum)	Mode of Management
1.	Schedule-I, Sl.No. 2.2 Sludge containing oil	Generation, Storage & Transportation	4000 T/Annum	Transportation to authorized actual user/ Disposal agencies/ Captive treatment through Bio-remediation as per prescribed norms after recovery of oil
2.	Schedule-I, Sl.No. 33.2 Contaminated cotton rags or other cleaning materials	Generation, Storage & Transportation	300 T/Annum	Transportation to authorized Disposal agencies for incineration/ Co-Processing in cement plant.
3.	Schedule-I, Sl.No. 33.1 Empty barrels/containers/liners contaminated with hazardous chemicals /wastes	Generation, Storage & Transportation	15000 Nos./Annum	Transportation to authorized actual user/Recyclers
4.	Schedule-I, Sl.No. 5.1 Used or spent oil	Generation, Storage & Transportation	500 KI/Annum	Transportation to authorized actual user/Recyclers
5.	Schedule-I, Sl.No. 35.3 Chemical sludge from waste water treatment	Generation, Storage & Transportation	7000 T/Annum	Transportation to authorized actual user/Disposal agencies/ Co-processing in cement plant.

4. This authorisation shall be in force for the period of five years up to 31.03.2027 unless otherwise revoked or withdrawn within this period.

5. The authorisation is subject to the following general and specific conditions:

A. GENERAL CONDITIONS OF AUTHORISATION:

1. The authorised person shall comply with the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, and the rules made there under.
2. The authorisation or its renewal shall be produced for inspection at the request of an officer authorised by the State Pollution Control Board.
3. The person authorised shall not rent, lend, sell, transfer or otherwise transport the hazardous and other wastes except what is permitted through this authorization.
4. The agencies should ensure that the barrels are decontaminated before collection in the premises of the occupier / generator equipped with adequate effluent treatment plant.
5. Any unauthorised change in personnel, equipment or working conditions as mentioned in the application by the person authorised shall constitute a breach of his authorization
6. The person authorised shall implement Emergency Response Procedure (ERP) for which this authorisation is being granted considering all site specific possible scenarios such as spillages, leakages, fire etc. and their possible impacts and also carry out mock drill in this regard at regular interval of time

m/s OIL INDIA LIMITED



7. The person authorised shall implement Emergency Response Procedure (ERP) for which this authorisation is being granted considering all site specific possible scenarios such as spillages, leakages, fire etc. and their possible impacts and also carry out mock drill in this regard at regular interval of time
8. The person authorised shall comply with the provisions outlined in the Central Pollution Control Board guidelines on "Implementing Liabilities for Environmental Damages due to Handling and Disposal of Hazardous Waste and Penalty"
9. It is the duty of the authorised person to take prior permission of the State Pollution Control Board to close down the facility.
10. The imported hazardous and other wastes shall be fully insured for transit as well as for any accidental occurrence and its clean-up operation.
11. The record of consumption and fate of the imported hazardous and other wastes shall be maintained.
12. The hazardous and other waste which gets generated during recycling or reuse or recovery or pre-processing or utilisation of imported hazardous or other wastes shall be treated and disposed of as per specific conditions of authorization.
13. The importer or exporter shall bear the cost of import or export and mitigation of damages if any.
14. An application for the renewal of an authorisation shall be made as laid down under these Rules.
15. Any other conditions for compliance as per the Guidelines issued by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change or Central Pollution Control Board from time to time.
16. Annual return shall be filed by June 30th for the period ensuring 31st March of the year.

B. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

1. The unit shall maintain the records of Hazardous & Other Wastes in Form-3 under provision of Rules 6(5), 13(7), 14(6), 16(5) & 20(1)
2. The Unit Shall Provide The Transporter With The Relevant Information In Form-9 Regarding The Hazardous Nature Of The Wastes And Measures To Be Taken In Case Of An Emergency
3. The unit shall submit Annual Returns in Form-4 to State Pollution Control Board by 30th June of every year for the preceding period April to March.
4. The unit shall prepare 6 (six) copies of the manifest in Form-10 as per Rules-19(1) for every transit of consignment of hazardous Waste under this authorization.
5. Any other conditions for compliance as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, GOI, New-Delhi & Central Pollution Control Board, Delhi shall be complied.
6. The unit shall submit an Environmental Statement for the financial year ending on 31st March, in Form-V of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 before 30th September every year.
7. Any occupier handling hazardous or other wastes and operator of the treatment, storage and disposal facility shall ensure that the hazardous and other wastes are packaged in a manner suitable for safe handling, storage and transport as per the guidelines issued by the Central Pollution Control Board from time to time. The labelling shall be done as per Form 8.
8. The unit shall submit the report on any accident occurs at their facility immediately to the state Pollution Control Board, in Form-11 of the Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016.
9. The transport of the hazardous and other waste shall be in accordance with the provisions of Rule 18 of Hazardous & Other waste (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016.
10. The unit shall install a display board in the prescribed format in accordance with PCBA notification vide. WB/T-237/ 19-20/95 dated 17.08.2020 and regularly update the same.

(Shantanu Kr. Dutta)
Member Secretary

Dated Guwahati the, 13/10 Oct, 2022

Memo No. WB/T-311/21-22/329-A

Copy to:

1. M/s OIL INDIA LIMITED, Percy Evans Road, Duliajan, Dibrugarh, Assam-786602 for information & compliance of conditions

(Shantanu Kr. Dutta)
Member Secretary